



Australian Government

Department of Veterans' Affairs

Medical Report - Clinically Significant Anxiety Disorder Ischaemic Heart Disease

The information you provide on this form will assist in deciding eligibility for benefits under the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 and/or Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004. In the event of an appeal against a decision, this information may be provided to the Veterans' Review Board, Administrative Appeals Tribunal or Federal Court.

Veteran's Details

Surname

Given Names

DVA File Number

Report Detail

A claim for service related compensation in respect of the above named leads the Department to consider whether a clinically significant anxiety disorder could be relevant to the development of ischaemic heart disease in this case. Would you please answer the following questions:

1. When was the clinical onset of ischaemic heart disease?
...../...../.....
2. Is there a history of angina, acute myocardial infarction or sudden death from ischaemic heart disease ***** Claims assessor: please edit this if the veteran is not dead ***** in this veteran's case?
 - No - Please sign the form and return it to the Department
 - Yes
3. Is there a history of a clinically significant anxiety disorder?
 - No - Please sign the form and return it to the Department
 - Yes
 - Anxiety disorder due to general medical condition - please go to question 4
 - Anxiety disorder not otherwise specified - please go to question 4
 - Panic disorder - please go to question 4
 - Posttraumatic stress disorder - please go to question 4
 - Phobic anxiety with panic attack - please specify type of phobia then go to question 4:

4. Did the veteran suffer from the clinically significant anxiety disorder at the time of the clinical onset of ischaemic heart disease?

No

Yes - Please give details including date of onset of panic disorder or phobic anxiety with panic attack and the features of ischaemic heart disease which first manifest:

5. Did the veteran suffer from the clinically significant anxiety disorder at the time of the permanent clinical worsening of ischaemic heart disease? **Note:** For the purposes of the *Veterans' Entitlements Act* (1986), permanent worsening requires an increase in the gravity of the disease beyond its natural progression. It excludes temporary exacerbations or any deterioration which is part of the normal course of the disease.

No

Yes - Please give details including date of onset of the clinically significant anxiety disorder and the features of ischaemic heart disease which indicated permanent worsening of the heart disease:

Details of Medical Practitioner providing advice:

Stamp

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Signature

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